

Complete Hindi Course for Beginners – Learn Hindi Step by Step

Free Hindi Learning Course

Designed for Global Learners by JustLearnHindi.com

Module 1: Introduction to Hindi

1.1 What is the Hindi Language

Hindi is one of the most spoken languages in the world, with over **600 million speakers**. It is the **official language of India** and is widely used in Nepal, Mauritius, Fiji, and among Indian communities in the USA, UK, Canada, and the Middle East. Hindi belongs to the **Indo-Aryan branch** of the Indo-European language family and is written in the **Devanagari script**.

1.2 Importance of Learning Hindi Globally

- Spoken across **Asia, Africa, Europe, and North America**
- India is a global hub for **business, technology, and tourism**
- Understanding Hindi opens access to **Bollywood, Indian culture, yoga, and spirituality**
- Learning Hindi enhances **career opportunities** in translation, tourism, and international relations
- Hindi is a **gateway to other Indian languages** like Marathi, Gujarati, and Punjabi

1.3 Basics of Devanagari Script

Devanagari is a **phonetic script**, meaning each letter corresponds to a sound.

It is written **left to right**, with a horizontal line connecting letters in a word.

There are **no capital or lowercase letters**.

Examples:

- नमस्ते (Namaste) – Hello
 - भारत (Bharat) – India
 - स्कूल (School) – School
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Module 2: Hindi Alphabet (Varnamala)

2.1 Vowels (Swar)

Hindi	Transliteration	Sound (English Equivalent)
अ	a	as in "America"
आ	aa	as in "father"
इ	i	as in "sit"
ई	ee	as in "see"
उ	u	as in "put"
ऊ	oo	as in "boot"
ए	e	as in "they"
ऐ	ai	as in "ice"
ओ	o	as in "go"
औ	au	as in "cow"
अं	am	nasal sound
अः	ah	breath sound

2.2 Consonants (Vyanjan)

Hindi	Transliteration	Sound (English Equivalent)
क	ka	kite
ख	kha	khaki
ग	ga	go
घ	gha	ghost
च	cha	chair
छ	chha	church
ज	ja	jam
झ	jha	jharkhand
ट	ṭa	retroflex t
ठ	ṭha	aspirated t
ड	ḍa	retroflex d
ढ	ḍha	aspirated d
त	ta	tap
थ	tha	Thailand
द	da	dog
ध	dha	dhaba
न	na	name
प	pa	pen
फ	pha	photo
ब	ba	bat
भ	bha	Bharat
म	ma	man
य	ya	yes
र	ra	run
ल	la	love
व	va	van
श	sha	shut
ष	ṣa	retroflex sha
स	sa	sun
ह	ha	hat

2.3 Practice Exercises

1. Write each vowel and consonant five times.
2. Pronounce aloud while writing.
3. Match Hindi letters with English sounds.
4. Record pronunciation and compare with native speakers.

Module 3: Basic Vocabulary

3.1 Common Daily Words

Hindi	Transliteration	English Meaning
नमस्ते	Namaste	Hello
धन्यवाद	Dhanyavaad	Thank you
कृपया	Kripya	Please
हाँ	Haan	Yes
नहीं	Nahin	No
मित्र	Mitra	Friend
घर	Ghar	Home
पानी	Paani	Water
खाना	Khaana	Food
समय	Samay	Time
काम	Kaam	Work
शहर	Shahar	City
देश	Desh	Country
यात्रा	Yatra	Travel
स्कूल	School	School

3.2 Greetings and Expressions

Hindi	Transliteration	Meaning
सुप्रभात	Suprabhaat	Good morning
शुभ रात्रि	Shubh Raatri	Good night
कैसे हो?	Kaise ho?	How are you?
मैं ठीक हूँ	Main theek hoon	I am fine
आपका नाम क्या है?	Aapka naam kya hai?	What is your name?
मेरा नाम ___ है	Mera naam ___ hai	My name is ___
आपसे मिलकर खुशी हुई	Aapse milkar khushi hui	Nice to meet you

3.3 Numbers

Hindi	Transliteration	English
०	Shunya	Zero
१	Ek	One
२	Do	Two
३	Teen	Three
४	Chaar	Four
५	Paanch	Five
६	Chhah	Six
७	Saat	Seven
८	Aath	Eight
९	Nau	Nine
१०	Das	Ten
२०	Bees	Twenty
१००	Sau	Hundred

3.4 Colors

Hindi	Transliteration	English
लाल	Laal	Red
नीला	Neela	Blue
हरा	Hara	Green
पीला	Peela	Yellow
काला	Kaala	Black
सफेद	Safed	White
गुलाबी	Gulaabi	Pink
नारंगी	Narangi	Orange

3.5 Family and Food

Hindi	Transliteration	Meaning
माँ	Maa	Mother
पिता	Pita	Father
भाई	Bhai	Brother
बहन	Behan	Sister
चावल	Chaaval	Rice
रोटी	Roti	Bread
दूध	Doodh	Milk
फल	Phal	Fruit
सब्ज़ी	Sabzi	Vegetable
चाय	Chai	Tea

Module 4: Hindi Grammar Basics

4.1 Gender (Ling)

- **Masculine (पुल्लिंग):** Words ending in “-ा” (लड़का – boy)
- **Feminine (स्त्रीलिंग):** Words ending in “-ी” (लड़की – girl)

4.2 Plural (Vachan)

- **Masculine:** “-ा” → “-ए” (लड़का → लड़के)
- **Feminine:** “-ी” → “-ियाँ” (लड़की → लड़कियाँ)

4.3 Sentence Structure (SOV)

Hindi follows **Subject–Object–Verb** order.

Example:

- I eat food → मैं खाना खाता हूँ (Main khaana khaata hoon)

4.4 Postpositions

English	Hindi	Transliteration
in	में	mein
on	पर	par
with	के साथ	ke saath
for	के लिए	ke liye
from	से	se

4.5 Basic Verb Usage

Hindi	Transliteration	Meaning
होना	Hona	To be
खाना	Khaana	To eat
पीना	Peena	To drink
जाना	Jaana	To go
आना	Aana	To come
देखना	Dekhna	To see
पढ़ना	Padhna	To read
लिखना	Likhna	To write

Module 5: Sentence Formation

5.1 Simple Sentences

English	Hindi	Transliteration
I am a student.	मैं विद्यार्थी हूँ	Main vidyarthi hoon
He is my friend.	वह मेरा मित्र है	Vah mera mitra hai
This is my book.	यह मेरी किताब है	Yeh meri kitaab hai
We are happy.	हम खुश हैं	Hum khush hain

5.2 Question Formation

Add **क्या (Kya)** at the beginning.

- क्या तुम ठीक हो? (Kya tum theek ho?) – Are you fine?
- क्या यह तुम्हारा घर है? (Kya yeh tumhara ghar hai?) – Is this your house?

5.3 Negative Sentences

Add **नहीं (Nahin)** before the verb.

- मैं नहीं जाता हूँ (Main nahin jaata hoon) – I do not go.
- वह नहीं खाती है (Vah nahin khaati hai) – She does not eat.

5.4 Everyday Conversation Examples

- आप कहाँ जा रहे हैं? (Aap kahaan ja rahe hain?) – Where are you going?
- मैं बाजार जा रहा हूँ (Main bazaar ja raha hoon) – I am going to the market.
- क्या आप अंग्रेज़ी बोलते हैं? (Kya aap angrezi bolte hain?) – Do you speak English?

Module 6: Speaking Practice

6.1 Daily Conversation Phrases

English	Hindi	Transliteration
Good morning!	सुप्रभात!	Suprabhaat!
How are you?	आप कैसे हैं?	Aap kaise hain?
I am fine.	मैं ठीक हूँ	Main theek hoon
Thank you very much.	बहुत धन्यवाद	Bahut dhanyavaad
See you soon.	फिर मिलेंगे	Phir milenge

6.2 Real-Life Situations

Shopping:

- यह कितना है? (Yeh kitna hai?) – How much is this?
- मुझे यह चाहिए (Mujhe yeh chahiye) – I want this.
- क्या आप छूट देंगे? (Kya aap chhoot denge?) – Will you give a discount?

Travel:

- स्टेशन कहाँ है? (Station kahaan hai?) – Where is the station?
- टैक्सी बुलाइए (Taxi bulaiye) – Call a taxi.
- हवाई अड्डा कितनी दूर है? (Hawai adda kitni door hai?) – How far is the airport?

6.3 Pronunciation Tips

- Speak slowly and clearly.
- Stress is usually on the first syllable.
- Listen to native speakers for rhythm and tone.
- Practice tongue placement for retroflex sounds (ट, ठ, ड, ढ).

Module 7: Reading & Writing Practice

7.1 Word Reading Exercises

Read aloud:

नमस्ते, भारत, पानी, खाना, स्कूल, परिवार, यात्रा

7.2 Sentence Writing Practice

Write and translate:

1. मैं घर जा रहा हूँ (I am going home)
2. वह खाना खा रही है (She is eating food)
3. हम हिंदी सीख रहे हैं (We are learning Hindi)

7.3 Short Paragraph

मेरा नाम राहुल है। मैं दिल्ली में रहता हूँ। मुझे हिंदी सीखना पसंद है। मैं हर दिन अभ्यास करता हूँ।

(Transliteration: Mera naam Rahul hai. Main Dilli mein rehta hoon. Mujhe Hindi seekhna pasand hai. Main har din abhyas karta hoon.)

Meaning: My name is Rahul. I live in Delhi. I like learning Hindi. I practice every day.

Module 8: 30-Day Learning Plan

Day Range	Focus Area	Goal
Days 1–5	Alphabet & Pronunciation	Learn all vowels and consonants
Days 6–10	Basic Vocabulary	100 common words
Days 11–15	Grammar Basics	Gender, plurals, sentence order
Days 16–20	Sentence Practice	Form simple sentences
Days 21–25	Speaking Practice	Daily conversation
Days 26–30	Revision & Writing	Short paragraphs and review

Bonus Tip:

Watch Hindi movies with subtitles, listen to Hindi songs, and practice speaking daily.

Module 9: Practice Exercises

9.1 Fill in the Blanks

- मेरा ___ राहुल है।
- मैं ___ जा रहा हूँ।
- यह मेरी ___ है।
- क्या आप ___ बोलते हैं?

9.2 Matching Exercise

Hindi	English
पानी	Water
घर	Home
मित्र	Friend
खाना	Food
शहर	City

9.3 Translation Practice

Translate into Hindi:

- I am a teacher.
 - She is my sister.
 - We are friends.
 - They are going to school.
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Module 10: Revision & Quick Cheat Sheets

10.1 Grammar Summary

- **Sentence Order:** Subject + Object + Verb
- **Gender:** Masculine (-I), Feminine (-ी)
- **Plural:** Masculine (-), Feminine (-य़ीँ)
- **Negation:** Add “नहीं” before verb
- **Questions:** Add “क्या” at the beginning

10.2 Vocabulary Lists

Common Words: नमस्ते, धन्यवाद, कृपया, पानी, खाना, घर

Numbers: १-१००

Colors: लाल, नीला, हरा, पीला, काला, सफ़ेद

Family: माँ, पिता, भाई, बहन

10.3 Quick Revision Tables

Topic	Key Points
Alphabet	13 vowels, 33 consonants
Grammar	SOV structure, gender rules
Conversation	Greetings, questions, daily use
Practice	Read, write, speak daily

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